



HOWARD COUNTY

Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery

Dr. Paul A. German & Dr. Jean-Luc Niel

[www.howardcountyoralsurgery.com](http://www.howardcountyoralsurgery.com)

410-997-5826

## After Wisdom Tooth Removal

The removal of impacted teeth is a serious surgical procedure. Post-operative care is very important. Unnecessary pain and complications such as infection and swelling can be minimized if these instructions are followed carefully.

Sometimes the after-effects of oral surgery are quite minimal, so not all of these instructions may apply. Proper home care is exceedingly important, and our interest in your case does not cease with the completion of the operation. If any difficulty arises after your dismissal, do not hesitate to contact the office at [Howard County Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Phone Number 410-997-5826](tel:410-997-5826).

### Immediately Following Surgery

- Patients who receive general anesthesia should return home from our office immediately upon discharge.
- Refrain from driving or operating any machinery for 24 hours.
- **Bleeding/Oozing:** Some oozing of blood is to be expected for the first 24 hours. Gauze has been placed in the extraction area(s) and should be changed every 30 minutes for 2 hours or until the bleeding stops. **Please remove ALL gauze and tea bags while eating and drinking and then replace. Do not sleep with gauze or tea bags in your mouth.**
- **Do Not** vigorously rinse your mouth. This may initiate bleeding by causing the blood clot that has formed to become dislodged.
- **Do Not** probe the surgical site with any objects, fingers, or your tongue. This may initiate bleeding by causing the blood clot that has formed to become dislodged.
- **Do Not** drink through a straw for the first 7 days. This may initiate bleeding by causing the blood clot that has formed to become dislodged.
- **Do Not** smoke for at least 7 days after the surgery.
- Take the prescribed pain medications as soon as you get home after you have eaten. This will usually coincide with the local anesthetic becoming diminished.



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- Restrict your activities the day of surgery and resume normal activity when you feel comfortable.
- Place ice packs to the sides of your face where surgery was performed. Refer to the section on swelling for a more thorough explanation.

### **Bleeding**

A certain amount of bleeding is to be expected following surgery. Slight bleeding, oozing, or redness in the saliva is not uncommon. Some oozing of blood is expected for the first 24 hours. Excessive bleeding may be controlled by first rinsing or wiping any old clots from your mouth, then placing a gauze pad over the area and biting firmly for thirty minutes. Repeat if necessary. If bleeding continues, bite on a black tea bag for thirty minutes. The tannic acid in the black tea helps to form a clot by contracting bleeding vessels. To minimize further bleeding, do not become excited, sit upright, and avoid exercise. If bleeding does not subside, call our office for further instructions.

### **Swelling**

The swelling that is normally expected is usually proportional to the surgery involved. Swelling around the mouth, cheeks, eyes, and sides of the face is not uncommon. This is the body's normal reaction to surgery and eventual repair. The swelling will not become apparent until the day following surgery and will not reach its maximum until 3 days post-operatively. However, the swelling may be minimized by the immediate use of ice packs. Two baggies filled with ice, or ice packs, should be applied to the sides of the face where surgery was performed. The ice packs should be placed for 30 minutes on and 30 minutes off while you are awake. After 36 hours, ice has no beneficial effect. If swelling or jaw stiffness has persisted for several days, there is no cause for alarm. This is a normal reaction to surgery. Thirty-six hours following surgery, the application of moist heat to the sides of the face is beneficial in reducing the size of the swelling.

### **Pain**

For moderate pain, one or two tablets of Tylenol or Extra Strength Tylenol may be taken every 3-4 hours. Ibuprofen (Advil or Motrin) may be taken instead of Tylenol. Ibuprofen bought over the counter comes in 200 mg tablets: 2-3 tablets may be taken four times daily, not to exceed 3200mg daily for an adult. Consult our practice for individuals under 18. Do not take the two medications at the same time.



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For severe pain, the prescribed medication should be taken as directed. Do not take any of the above medication if you are allergic to them, or have been instructed by your doctor not to take it. Do not drive an automobile or work around machinery. Avoid alcoholic beverages. Pain or discomfort following surgery should subside more and more every day. If pain persists, it may require attention and you should call the office.

### **Diet**

After general anesthetic or IV sedation, soft foods should initially be consumed. Drink from a glass and do not use straws. The sucking motion can cause more bleeding by dislodging the blood clot. You may eat anything soft by chewing away from the surgical sites. A high calorie, high protein intake is very important. Our staff can provide suggested diet instructions. Nourishment should be taken regularly. You should prevent dehydration by taking fluids regularly. Your food intake will be limited for the first few days. You should compensate for this by increasing your fluid intake. At least 5-6 glasses of liquid should be taken daily. Try not to miss any meals. You will feel better, have more strength, less discomfort and heal faster if you continue to eat.

**CAUTION:** If you suddenly sit up or stand from a lying position you may become dizzy. If you are lying down following surgery, make sure you sit up for one minute before standing.

### **Keep the mouth clean**

No rinsing of any kind should be performed until the day following surgery. The day after surgery you should begin rinsing at least 5-6 times a day, especially after eating, with a teaspoon of salt mixed into one cup of warm water.

### **Discoloration**

In some cases, discoloration of the skin follows swelling. The development of black, blue, green, or yellow discoloration is due to blood spreading beneath the tissues. This is a normal post-operative occurrence, which may occur 2-3 days post-operatively. Moist heat applied to the area may speed up the removal of the discoloration.

### **Antibiotics**

If you have been placed on antibiotics, take the tablets or liquid as directed with food. Antibiotics will be given to help prevent infection. Discontinue antibiotic use in the event of a rash or any other unfavorable



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reaction and contact our office immediately. Call the office if you have any questions at [Howard County Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Phone Number 410-997-5826](http://www.howardcountyoralsurgery.com).

### Nausea and Vomiting

In the event of nausea and/or vomiting following surgery, do not take anything by mouth for at least an hour, including the prescribed medicine. You should then sip on coke, tea, or ginger ale. You should sip slowly over a fifteen-minute period. When the nausea subsides you can begin taking solid foods and the prescribed medicine.

### Other Complications

- If numbness of the lip, chin, or tongue occurs there is no cause for alarm. As reviewed in your consultation, this is usually temporary in nature. You should be aware that if your lip or tongue is numb, you could bite it and not feel the sensation. **If numbness persists 6 hours after your surgical procedure, please call our office immediately. Call Dr. German or Dr. Niel if you have any questions at [Howard County Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Phone Number 410-997-5826](http://www.howardcountyoralsurgery.com).**
- Slight elevation of temperature immediately following surgery is not uncommon. If the temperature persists, notify the office. Tylenol or ibuprofen should be taken to reduce the fever.
- You should be careful going from the lying down position to standing. You could get light headed from low blood sugar or medications. Before standing up, you should sit for one minute before getting up.
- Occasionally, patients may feel hard projections in the mouth with their tongue. They are not roots; they are the bony walls which supported the tooth. These projections usually smooth out spontaneously. If not, they can be removed by [Jean-Luc Niel, DMD](#) or [Dr. German](#).
- If the corners of your mouth are stretched, they may dry out and crack. Your lips should be kept moist with an ointment such as vaseline.
- Sore throats and pain when swallowing are not uncommon. The muscles get swollen. The normal act of swallowing can then become painful. This will subside in 2-3 days.
- Stiffness (Trismus) of the jaw muscles may cause difficulty in opening your mouth for a few days following surgery. This is a normal post-operative event which will resolve in time.



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### **Finally**

Sutures are placed in the area of surgery to minimize post-operative bleeding and to help healing. Sometimes they become dislodged. This is no cause for alarm. Just remove the suture from your mouth and discard it. Most often, the sutures placed for this procedure will dissolve on their own and will not require a removal appointment. Some procedures will require silk sutures that will be removed approximately one week after surgery. The removal of sutures requires no anesthesia or needles. It takes only a minute or so, and there is usually no discomfort associated with this procedure.

The pain and swelling should subside more and more each day following surgery. If your post-operative pain or swelling worsens or unusual symptoms occur, call our office for instructions.

There will be a void where the tooth was removed. The void will fill in with new tissue gradually over the next month. In the meantime, the area should be kept clean, especially after meals, with salt water rinses or a toothbrush.

Your case is unique, no two mouths are alike. Discuss any problems with the trained experts best able to effectively help you: [Dr. German](#) or [Jean-Luc Niel, DMD](#) or your family dentist.

Brushing your teeth is okay – just be gentle at the surgical sites.

A dry socket is when the blood clot gets dislodged prematurely from the tooth socket. Symptoms of pain at the surgical site and even pain near the ear may occur 3-4 days following surgery. Call the office if this occurs.

If you are involved in regular exercise, be aware that your normal nourishment intake is reduced. Exercise may weaken you. If you get light headed, stop exercising.